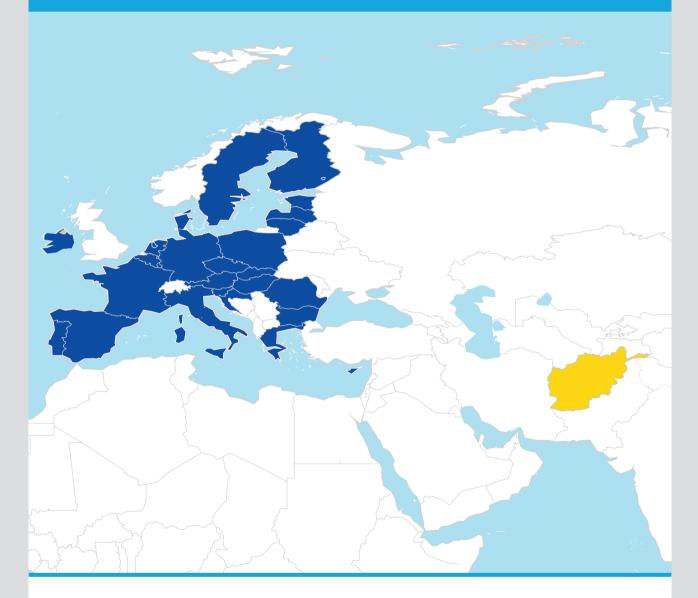
European Union and UN-Habitat in Afghanistan

The transformative impact of EU-funded projects 2014 - 2021





Funded by the European Union

AFGHANISTAN

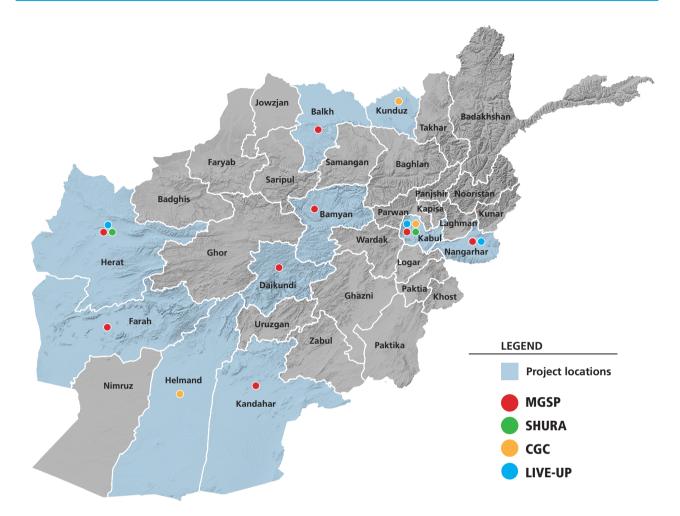


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General statement about the EU

'The Member States of the European Union have decided to link together their know-how, resources and destinies. Together, they have built a zone of stability, democracy and sustainable development whilst maintaining cultural diversity, tolerance and individual freedoms. The European Union is committed to sharing its achievements and its values with countries and peoples beyond its borders'.

EU-funded projects





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Municipal Governance Support Programme (MGSP)



MGSP is implemented in **8 provinces**, 12 cities

Sept 2015 - June 2021

27.5 Million Euros

URBAN LAND MANAGEMENT



482,000 properties surveyed and registered in **12** municipalities

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16,000 occupancy certificates issued, improving tenure security and expanding the base for municipal (safayi) revenues

MUNICIPAL REVENUES



263,000 safayi invoices issued,



US\$10.5 million collected in additional municipal revenues



Improving the capacity of municipalities to deliver better services (see trends between 2016-2019 below)

- i. Safayi revenues increased as follows: Kabul 31%, Kandahar 88%, Mazar 127% and Bamyan 413%
- ii. Number of households paying safayi increased as follows: Kandahar 77%, Kabul 88%, and Mazar 91%
- iii. Contribution of safayi as a proportion of total Own Source Revenue (OSR) grew from 15% to 24% on average in MGSP target municipalities

URBAN BASIC SERVICES



COVID-19 RESPONSE



Sustainable Human settlements in Urban areas to support Reintegration in Afghanistan (SHURA)



SHURA is implemented in 2 provinces



30,674,540 USD

 co-funded by EU and Government of Denmark

BENEFICIARY REGISTRATION PROCESS

- Development of the **IDPs and Returnees Beneficiary Registration Systems (BRS)** having the capacity to process **500 Households** per day per province.
- The Beneficiary satisfaction level with the process was above **94%** on a random sample of **20%** of the registered returnees and IDPs.
- **12,736** Returnees and IDPs registered in Herat, **8,262** Households cleared of which **2,529** families are female-headed households
- 7,662 IDPs and returnees registered in Kabul, 5,857 cleared of which 1,509 families are femaleheaded households
- Balloting process were undertaken for 1,000 households in Kabul and 2,175 households in Herat

HOUSING, LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS (HLP) ADVOCACY PUBLICATIONS

- Supported development of Afghanistan National Housing Strategy and its translation for effective implementation.
- Decree 108 was approved, and resultant state land of Eltefat Township (in Kabul) and Sadat Township (in Herat) is being allocated to the beneficiaries through simplified and accelerated procedure.
- HLP Guideline, Kabul Informal Settlements profiling and beneficiary registration processes reports are published.
- The 4th National Program Steering committee meeting reached three resolutions that would enable and accelerate the physical delivery of the SHURA housing and tenure security programme to support scaling-up sustainable settlement of the displaced Afghans.

Infrastructure Development:

- USD **14,471,500.00** allocated for site infrastructure developments in Herat (Saadat) and Kabul (Eltefat)
- 6,000 plots demarcated in Herat
- Total number of 10,097 plot numbers in Saadat Herat and 6,668 Plot numbers in Eltefat Kabul are planned.
- 14km Road and 28km Drainage are implemented.
- The master plan for Eltefat Located in Shakardara District is approved with a **6,668** number of plots by MUDL and MoRR ministers.
- Plot demarcation in Kabul is started and the target is **2,000** plots to be demarcated.
- **5.6 million** jeribs of State land are identified by Land Bank project.
- Vulnerability assessment survey of Kabul completed, and **1,802** families are selected for land allocation.

Clean and Green Cities Programme (CGC)



CGC is implemented in **3 provinces**

Feb **2017** - Jan **2019**

\$: 8,362,428 USD

1. Inclusive local planning processes and peacebuilding dialogue

A total of **450 Municipality** Advisory Board Members and Municipality staff were trained in urban peace building, community development. A total population of **955,278** were reached through peace building dialogues for better community cohesion and stabilization.

women aremen are522,885432,393(54.74%)(45.26%)

Complementary research and advocacy: program undertook
Willingness to Pay (WTP) and Affordability Surveys in Kabul under CGC



2. Safer, more secure and inclusive urban environment, infrastructure and public spaces

50 Community Development Councils (CDCs) and 20 Nahia Development Councils (NDCs), implemented
91 subprojects such as parks upgrading, women's community centres, side walks, solid waste management solution, kerbs painting etc., benefitted 4,783 people directly.

Strategic Solid Waste Management Plan developed for Kabul City

Subprojects implemented following the below process (UN-Habitat People's Process Application for Community Development)



3. Poor and vulnerable people, including internally displaced people and returnees, can earn a modest wage through project employment



Provided livelihoods to unemployed and vulnerable people in

the 3 cities by creating $\boldsymbol{577,750}$ job days equal to $\boldsymbol{4,783}$ labourers (male, female, IDPs and returnees)

Local Integration of Vulnerable and Excluded Uprooted People in Afghanistan (LIVE-UP)



LIVE-UP was implemented in **3 provinces**

€: 12,706,480 Euros

The objective of the LIVE-UP project was **"Improved living conditions of uprooted Afghans (Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) and returnees) and their host communities."** 2017 was the project's third and final year.

Key achievements during the 3 years' period of the LIVE-UP Project include:



Reaching a total of **1,455,162** individuals and **17,296** households as direct beneficiaries

Jan 2015 - Dec 2017



Creation of **78,462** skilled labour days and **313,147** unskilled labour days during project period







Shelter assistance to **650** extremely vulnerable households, assisting a total of **4,550** individuals



Establishment of **19** women's vocational training and enterprise centres, benefiting **3,473** women

Result 1: Provided access to basic services, infrastructure and adequate housing for returnees, IDP and extremely vulnerable households

- 45 Community Development Councils (CDCs) and 10 mixed-gender Gozar Assemblies (GAs) established and operationalized in line with the 'People's Process' approach. Over 240 meetings were conducted and 14,000 people consisting of community leaders, elders, Mullas (Religious leaders) and community members consulted.
- **45** Community Action Plans (CAP) and **10** Gozar Assembly Action Plans (GAAP) prepared with, prepared and respectively approved by the Municipalities.

• 76 sub-projects have been completed, averaging the community contribution of 39.55% of total costs

Direct Beneficiaries: 17,296 households, 145,162 individuals

Drainage: 126,595^m

Employment opportunities provided: 78,462 skilled labour days, 313,147 unskilled labour days

Household street lighting for **13,306** households

Road pavement : **214,413**^m of sealed road, 842,864m2

Household addressing: 20,578 households

Pedestrian sidewalk: 2,107^{m2}

Result 2: Improved tenure security, access to basic services, infrastructure and shelter for residents in Peri-urban settlements for returnees/IDPs

- Shelter assistance provided to 650 extremely vulnerable households covering a total of 4,550 individuals.
- 44 sub-projects have been completed (average community contribution of 22.78% of total costs)

Result 3: Improved capacity, coordination and commitment to local integration of IDPs, returnees or other vulnerable households.

 Capacity development of municipal, provincial and national stakeholders for drafting of the new Executive Decree to replace PD 104

EUROPEAN UNION (EU) & UN-HABITAT

EU FUNDED PROJECTS TRANSFORMATIVE IMPACT 2014 - 2021

Disclaimer:

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United Nations Human Settlements Programme UNOCA Complex, Jalalabad Road Kabul, Afghanistan info@unhabitat-afg.org www.unhabitat.af